**Open Water Safety Plan**

**Application Instructions**

* Before applying for a USMS open water sanction, event hosts must review their event information and safety plans with their LMSC Sanctioning Officer. Upon approval from the LMSC Sanctioning Officer, the event host is then ready to apply for sanction.
* When applying for a USMS open water sanction, event hosts are required to submit their safety plan for review and approval by the Open Water Compliance Coordinator (OWCC) ON THIS APPLICATION through the online sanction process. We welcome additional supporting information—after all, many event hosts have developed extensive safety plans over years of hosting events—but everyone must submit this completed application to ensure that all pertinent points are covered in safety planning.
* Using a Google Earth map or equivalent, event hosts are also required to upload a map of the venue and course with the safety plan application. Maps must include locations of start & finish, guide & turn buoys, feeding stations, safety craft, lifeguards/first responders, on-site medical care, and evacuation points.
* In the best scenario, the Safety Director should assist the event host in the developing the event safety plan. If the Safety Director did not take part in developing of the safety plan (usually in the case of appointment after the sanction request or in the case of a substantially unchanged safety plan developed over years of experience), the event host must give the Safety Director a copy of the approved safety plan.
* Upon request, USMS OWCC Bill Roach will send you a copy of the approved safety plan. Contact Bill at wfroach@att.net or 317-989-3164.

**Open Water Safety Plan Application**

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## Event Information

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| **General Information** |

Name of Host: Sawtooth Masters

Name of Event: Broadside Harbor Open Water Swims

Event Location: Broadside Harbor

City: Caldwell State: ID LMSC: SR

Event Dates: 6/1/2019 through 6/1/2019

Length of Swim(s): 1 mile and 2 miles

Dual Sanctioned with USA-Swimming: No

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| **Key Event Personnel** |

Event Director: Jill Wright. Phone: 208-571-4254 E-mail: jllwrght@gmail.com

Referee: Jill Wright Phone: 208-571-4254 E-mail: jllwrght@gmail.com

Certified Safety Director: Harry Alexander Phone: 208-716-3402 E-mail: alex.harry.77@gmail.com

| **Pre-Race Safety Meeting (required):** **all officials & safety personnel must attend** |
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Tentative date: 6/1/2019 Time: 10:30 AM

Tentative agenda: Everyone is responsible for his/her own safety first. There will be kayakers and canoeists on the water as well as safety personnel on the land around the water to help anyone needing help. The edge of the lake is very shallow, so walking out of the water is feasible. Please raise your arm or shout if help is needed.

| **Pre-Race Swimmer Meeting (required):** **all officials & swimmers must attend to participate in race** |
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Tentative date: -06/01/2019 Time: 10:45 AM

Tentative agenda: Same as above. Also to include: safety information, maps for each swim, shoulder numbering. Swimmer check-in/count at the start and end of race.

**Course & Event Conditions**

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| **The Course** |

Body of water: Lake Water type: Fresh Water Water depth from: 4 ft to: 20 ft

Course: Closed-only event watercraft allowed

If open course, indicate the agency used to control the traffic while swimmers are on the course.

 Agency name: Click here to enter agency. How to contact during event: Phone # or radio channel

Expected water conditions for the swimmers: (marine life, tides, currents, underwater hazards): The water is spring fed and very clean. Water will be tested before and after the events.

How is the course marked?-

* Turn buoy(s): Height(s) 4 ft Color(s) green Shape(s) triangular
* Guide buoy(s): Height(s) 1 ft Color(s) yellow Shape(s) round
* Approximate Distance between Guide buoys: 20 ft

Number of Feeding Stations: 0

Type of structure(s) used as feeding station(s): none

Number of people the structure(s) can safely hold: none

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| **Water & Air Temperatures** |

Expected air temp range: 75 Expected water temp range: 68/73 Wetsuits: Optional

**USMS Water Temperature Index for sanctioned open water events:**

 **- Below 57°F (Very Cold) – heat retaining swimwear and a Thermal Plan for Cold Water Swims is REQUIRED**

 **- 57°F-60°F (Cold) - heat-retaining swimwear is required or a Thermal Plan for Cold Water Swims is REQUIRED**

 **- 60°F-66°F (Quite cool) - Thermal Plan for Cold Water Swims is RECOMMENDED**

 **- 66°F-72°F (Fairly cool) - Thermal Plan for Cold Water Swims is ENCOURAGED**

 **- 72°F-78°F (Cool) - No Thermal Plan required**

 **- 78°F-82°F (Optimal) - Heat-retaining swimwear & neoprene caps are not permitted above 78°F.**

 **- 82°F-85°F (Warm) - Thermal Plan for Warm Water Swims is RECOMMENDED**

 **- 85°F-87.8°F (Very warm) - Thermal Plan for Warm Water Swims is REQUIRED**

 **- 87.8°F-95°F (Hot) - Sanctioned open water swims cannot be held**

 **- Over 95°F (Extremely hot) - Any swimming is ill-advised**

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| **USMS Water Temperature Measurement Procedure:** Using an accurate thermometer, the event host should take three to five measurements at various places on the course—12 to 18 inches below the water surface and no closer to the shore than 25 meters (if possible)—within one hour before the start of an open water swim. The host should average these measurements, post and/or announce the resulting average temperature at least 30 minutes before the start of the swim, and announce it during the pre-race staff safety and swimmers’ meetings. |

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| **Water Quality** |
| It is recommended that one week before the event, check water quality. If results returned are inconsistent with the local governing body’s standards, notify swimmers who participated in the event of any known exposures post-race. If an exceptional event such as heavy rain or flooding affects the water quality, the Event Director, Referee, or Safety Director shall have the authority to postpone or cancel the race. It is recommended to take and retain water samples on race day and retain for reference. |

A water sample will be taken to Analytical Labs 3-5 days before the event for testing.

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## Event Safety

| **Medical Personnel** |
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Lead medical personnel (emergency trained) on site: Paula Moores

Experience in sporting events (Marathon, Triathlon, Open water swim, etc.): Yes

Will medical personnel be located on the course? No

The number of medical personnel will be dependent on the course layout, number of swimmers in the water,

expected conditions, etc. How many medical personnel do you plan to have on site? 1

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| **First Responders/Lifeguards & Monitors** |

Indicate the qualifications of the first responders: Un-certified

Number on course: 4 Number on land: 3

Indicate their location on the Race Plan Map.

| **Onsite Medical Care & Facilities** |
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Describe onsite set up for medical care, such as medical treatment tent, heating/cooling tent or facility. etc., and indicate locations on the Race Plan Map. There is a house located on the lake property that can be used for medical care.

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| **Ambulance/Emergency Transportation & Nearby Medical Facilities** |

Ambulance(s) onsite: **Phone # or radio channel** On Call: 208-459-4641

Have you spoken with local emergency response agency regarding potential emergencies? No

Closest medical facility: West Valley Medical Center Phone: 208-459-4641

Type of medical facility (urgent care, hospital, etc.): Hospital

Distance to closest medical facility: 2-5 miles Approximate transport time: 5-10 min.

| **Watercraft** |
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Motorized Watercraft:

* Owned/operated by government agencies (Coast Guard, police, fire & rescue, etc.): 0
* Owned/operated by volunteers or hired individuals: 0

Will all motorized watercraft with a propeller owned/operated by volunteers or hired individuals be equipped either with a propeller guard or a swimmer monitor? No

Other motorized watercraft:

* With propellers fore of the rudder: 0
* With impeller motor (jet ski, jet boat): 0
* Anchored from start to finish: 1

Allocation of Watercraft:

* Safety Watercraft:
* 1st Responders: Motorized: Number Non-motorized: 3

# 2nd Responders: Motorized: Number Non-motorized: 1

* Watercraft for race officials: Motorized: Number Non-motorized: Number
* Watercraft for race supervision: Motorized: Number Non-motorized: Number
* Watercraft for feeding stations: Motorized: Number Non-motorized: Number
* Watercraft for escorted events: Motorized: Number Non-motorized: Number
* Other event watercraft: only canoes and kayaks and paddleboards will be used

 Emergency Signal Flag Color for all watercraft: yellow

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| **Communications** |

Primary method between event officials: Megaphone/Bullhorn Secondary method: Choose an item.

Primary method between medical personnel, first responders & safety craft: Megaphone/Bullhorn

Secondary method: Choose an item.

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| **Swimmer Counting & Accountability** |

Describe method of swimmer body numbering: Sharpee pen number on shoulder

Describe method of electronic identification of swimmer (Recommended): Click here to enter text.

Describe different bright cap colors for various divisions (Recommended): This is a small race. All will have the same bright green color.

Describe method of accounting for all swimmers before, during and after swim(s): All swimmers will be checked off as they start and finish the swim. All swimmers can be seen throughout the races.

Describe method of accounting for swimmers who do not finish: Race personnel will mark off those not finishing.

| **Warm-up/Warm-down Safety Plan** |
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Describe safety plan for warm-up/warm-down, include number and location of lifeguards and designated

watercraft. Safety personnel will be on the water 1 hour before the race begins for warmup.

| **Swimmer Management** |
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Maximum number of swimmers on course at a time: 40

If more swimmers show up on the day of the swim(s), how will you adjust the safety plan to accommodate the increased number of entries? We will use more of our volunteers on the perimeter of the lake for viewing.

How will you deploy the safety staff and crafts distributed to supervise this event to ensure swift recognition, rescue, and treatment of any swimmer? The lake is very small. All safety personnel will be able to see all swimmers.

How will you deploy the safety staff to maximize rapid response to a troubled swimmer? Safety director will notify safety boats.

How will you alter the event if insufficient safety personnel/craft are available on the day of the swim(s)? Either postpone the start or cancel if safety personnel aren’t able to come.

Describe your missing swimmer plan: First call out name of missing swimmer. Second ask swimmers swimming around the missing swimmer when he/she was last seen. Have boaters, spotters and rescuers comb the area.

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| **Severe Weather Plan** |

Is a lightning detector or weather radio available on site? No

Describe your plan for severe weather or natural disaster: Postponement or cancellation

Describe your course and site evacuation plan, including accounting for all swimmers and other participants: The swimmers will be directed by the spotters, boaters, and rescuers to move to the edges of the lake where safety personnel and volunteers can help with evacuation.

## Thermal Plan for Cold Water Swims

| **General Information** |
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| Thermal Plan for Cold Water Swims: USMS Rules for Open Water Swims state:302.2.2A (1) A swim shall not begin if the water temperature is less than 60° F. (15.6° C.), unless heat-retaining swimwear is required of all swimmers or a USMS-approved thermal plan is in place.302.2.2A (2) A swim in which heat retaining swimwear is required of all swimmers shall not begin if the water temperature is less than 57° F. (13.9° C.), unless a USMS-approved thermal plan is in place. |
| Remember that the average masters swimmer does little or no acclimatization to cold water, so even a small drop in water temperature—especially in the colder ranges—dramatically increases the odds of thermal issues: Cold Shock Response, Cold Incapacitation, Hypothermia, and Circum-rescue Collapse). Be Prepared! |
| - If your swim course has a remote chance of water temperature less than 60° F., you are **REQUIRED** to complete the thermal plan below, showing your specific commitment to increased swimmer preparation before the event, reduced swimmer exposure during the event, and maximize mitigation & treatment of thermal issues during & after the event. - If your swim course has a chance of water temperature between 60° F & 66° F., a thermal plan is **RECOMMENDED**. - If your swim course has a chance of water temperature between 66° F & 72° F., a thermal plan is **ENCOURAGED**. |

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| **How will you assist swimmer preparation before the event:** |

**The following methods are among the ways you can do this:**

1. Emphasize & stress on entry information of possible cold water swim conditions.

2. Require prior cold water swim experience.

3. Require swimmer cold water preparation plan.

4. Refuse entry if swimmer is not acclimated to cold water swimming.

What method(s) of swimmer preparation will you take: The lake is small and at the beginning of June at least 68 degrees.

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| **What action will you take to reduce swimmer exposure to thermal issues:** |

**The following methods are among the ways you can do this:**

1. Cancel the swim(s).

2. Shorten swim(s) or institute/shorten time limits.

3. Encourage wetsuits for all swimmers.

4. Require wetsuits for all swimmers.

Explain your plan of action: All of the above may be used.

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| **What extra medical care will you provide to mitigate & treat symptoms of thermal issues:** |

**The following methods are among the ways you can do this:**

1. Bring in more emergency trained medical personnel and/or ambulances.

2. Bring in more volunteers to assist medical personnel.

3. Bring in more emergency craft and first responders on the course.

4. Increase warm beverages before the swim and at feeding stations.

5. Have special procedures (different than normal) for removing swimmers from the water & venue.
6. Increase warm beverages after the swim.

7. Increase thermal treatment gear (blankets, hot water bottles, etc.)

8. Make warm showers available on-site.

9. Make warming facilities (buildings, tents, vehicles, etc.) available on-site.

10. Other: Specify

Specify what extra listed items you will provide: Click here to enter text.

Comment on how you will be prepared to care for multiple medical issues: Click here to enter text.

**If the water temperature is below 72° F, will you be prepared to deal with cold water medical issues:** Yes.

## Thermal Plan for Warm Water Swims

| **General Information** |
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| Thermal Plan for Warm Water Swims: USMS Rule 302.2.2A(3) for Open Water Swims states: “A swim of 5K or greater shall not begin if the water temperature exceeds 29.45° C. (85°F.). A swim of less than 5K shall not begin if the water temperature exceeds 31° C. (87.8°F.).” |
| Remember that the average masters swimmer does little or no acclimatization to warm water, so even a small increase in water temperature—especially in the warmer ranges—dramatically increases the odds of thermal issues: Dehydration, Heat Stroke, and Hyperthermia. Be Prepared! |
| - If your swim course has a chance of water temperature from 85° F to 87.8° F, you are **REQUIRED** to complete the thermal plan below, showing your specific commitment to increased swimmer preparation before the event, reduced swimmer exposure during the event, and maximize mitigation & treatment of thermal issues during & after the event. - If your swim course has a chance of water temperature between 82° F & 85° F., a thermal plan is **RECOMMENDED**.  |

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| **How will you assist swimmer preparation before the event:** |

**The following methods are among the ways you can do this:**

1. Emphasize & stress on entry information of possible warm water swim conditions.

2. Require prior warm water swim experience.

3. Require swimmer warm water preparation plan.

What method(s) of swimmer preparation will you take: Fluids and shade.

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| **What action will you take to reduce swimmer, official, and staff exposure to heat-related issues:** |

**The following methods are among the ways you can do this:**

1. Cancel the swim(s).

2. Shorten swim(s) or institute/shorten time limits.

3. Remind all participants to stay well hydrated.

4. Remind swimmers to select appropriate pace.

5. Make swim caps optional or use Lycra swim caps.

Explain your plan of action: All of the above.

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| **What extra medical care will you provide to mitigate & treat symptoms of heat-related issues:** |

**The following methods are among the ways you can do this:**

1. Bring in more emergency trained medical personnel and/or ambulances.

2. Bring in more volunteers to assist medical personnel.

3. Bring in more emergency craft and first responders on the course.

4. Increase cool beverages before, during and after the swim (for swimmers and staff, including extra cool beverages on watercraft and feeding stations)

5. Increase heat exhaustion and heat stroke treatment gear (iced water, ice chips, cold water bottles, misting tents/fans, etc.)

6. Make cool showers available on-site.

7. Make shade and cooling facilities (buildings, tents, etc.) available on-site.

8. Other: Specify

Specify what extra listed items you will need to provide: Click here to enter text.

**Comment on how you will be prepared to care for multiple medical issues:** All volunteers/swimmers will help.

**If the water temperature is above 82° F, will you be prepared to deal with heat-related medical issues:** This won’t be an issue in Idaho.